

Syllabus for Entrance Examination Ph.D and **URS for the Session 2017-18**

1. Constitutional Law of India :

- Preamble
- Fundamental Rights and Duties.
- Directive Principles of State Policy.
- Judiciary
- Executive
- Union State Legislative Relations.
- Emergency Provisions
- Amendment of the Constitution.
- Writ Jurisdiction

2. Legal Theory :

- Nature and Sources of Law.
- Positivism, Natural. Law Theory, Sociological Jurisprudence.
- Theories of Punishment.
- Rights and Duties.
- Concepts of Possession and Ownership.

3. Public International Law :

- Nature of International Law and its relationship with Municipal Law.
- Sources of International Law.
- Recognition of States and Governments.
- United Nations
- Settlement of International Disputes.
- Human Rights

4. Family Law :

- Concepts in Family Law.
- Sources of Family Law in India.
- Marriage and Dissolution of Marriage.

5. Law of Contracts : General Principles

- Essentials of a valid contract.
- Offer, acceptance and consideration.



- **Capacity to Contract** : Minor's contract.
- **Elements vitiating contract** : Mistake, fraud, misrepresentation, public policy, coercion, undue influence, frustration of contract.
- **Remedies for breach of contract** : Damages.

6. Law of Torts :

- Foundation of Tortious Liability.
- General Defences to an action of Tort.
- Vicarious Liability
- Remoteness of Damages.
- Contributory Negligence
- Absolute and Strict Liability.

7. Law of Crimes : General Principles

- Nature and Definition of Offence.
- General Exceptions
- Common Intention and Common Object.
- Criminal Attempt, Conspiracy and Abetment.
- Offences against Women.

8. Labour Law :

- **Concepts** : Industry, Industrial Dispute and Workman.
- **Trade Unions** : Rights and Immunities of Registered Trade Union; Registration and its advantages.
- Methods for Settlement of Industrial Disputes under Industrial Disputes Act, 1947.
- Strike and Lockout as Instruments of Collective Bargaining.
- Retrenchment, Lay – off and Closures.

Unil-I

- Essential Features of Indian Constitution.
- Distribution of Legislative Powers between Union and States.
- Fundamental Rights, Fundamental Duties and Directive Principles of State Policy.
- Judiciary
- Parliament and State Legislatures
- Amending Process of the Constitution.
- Role of Election Commission in Democratic Process.



Unit – II :

- Nature, Scope and Importance of Administrative Law.
- Principles of Natural Justice.
- Administrative Discretion and its control.
- Judicial Review of Administrative Action-Writ Jurisdiction.
- Lokpal and Lokayukta.

Unit – III :

- Nature and Sources of Law.
- **Legal Concepts** : Right, Duty, Ownership, Possession and Person Judicial. **Process** : Application of Doctrine of Precedent of India.
- Judicial Contribution in Bringing Social Changes.
- Law and Morality.

Unit – IV :

- General Principles of Criminal Law-meaning, nature, essentials and stages of offence.
- Joint Liability; Abetment and Criminal Conspiracy.
- Offences against Human Body.
- Offences against Property.
- Defamation

Unit – V :

- **Environmental Pollution** : Meaning of Environment and Environmental Pollution; Kinds of Pollution.
- Legislative Measures for Prevention and Control of Environmental Pollution in India – Air and Water Pollution and General Protection of Environment.
- International Development for protection of Environmental Pollution.
- **Remedies for Environmental Protection** : Civil, Criminal and Constitutional.
- Importance of Forest and Wildlife in protecting environment.
- Environmental impact assessment and control of Hazardous wastes.

Unit – VI :

- Nature of International Law and its sources.
- Concept of sovereignty and its relevance today.
- Recognition of State and Governments.



- Extradition, Asylum, Nationality and Status of Refugees.
- International Court of Justice.
- UNO and its organs.
- Global Trade Regime under International Law.

Unit – VII :

- Marriage
- Divorce
- Adoption and Guardianship
- Maintenance
- Matrimonial Remedies
- Uniform Civil Code

Unit – VIII :

- Concept and Development of Human Rights.
- Contribution of United Nations in the development and implementation of Human Rights.
- **Implementation of Human Rights in India** : Role of National Human Rights Commission.
- **Protection of Marginalised Groups** : Women, Children, Minorities and Refugees.

Unit – IX :

- Nature and definition of Tort.
- General Principles of Tortious Liability.
- **Specific Torts** : Negligence, Nuisance and Defamation.
- **Absolute Liability** : Emerging trends in India.
- **Consumer Protection** : Evolution of Consumer Rights and Redressal of Consumer Grievances.

Unit – X :

- **Partnership Act** : Nature and essentials of partnership mutual rights and liabilities of partners, advantages of registration of firms.
- Sales of Goods Act.
- Negotiable Instruments Act.
- **Company Law** : Role